



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(♠) Preliminary Specification() Final Specification

Title	
BUYER	GENERAL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LM230WF1
SUFFIX	TLD1

23" Full HD TFT LCD

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
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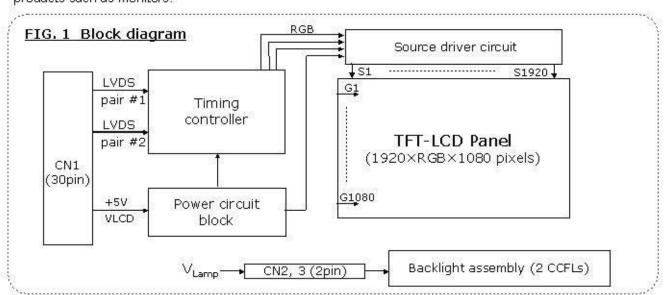




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1. General description

LM230WF1-TLD1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. It has a 23 inch diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M colors with Advanced-FRC(Frame Rate Control). It has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. FPD Link or compatible must be used as a LVDS(Low Voltage Differential Signaling) chip. It is intended to support applications where thin thickness, wide viewing angle, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LM230WF1-TLD1 characteristics provide an excellent flat panel display for office automation products such as monitors.



General features

Active screen size	23 inches(58.42cm) diagonal(Aspect ratio 16:9)		
Outline Dimension	533.2(H) × 312.0(V) × 14.5(D) mm(Typ.)		
Pixel Pitch	0.265 mm × 0.265 mm		
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. By 1080 vert. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement		
Interface	LVDS 2Port		
Color depth	16.7M colors		
Luminance, white	250 cd/m² (Center 1Point, typ)		
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	R/L 170(Typ.), U/D 160(Typ.)		
Power Consumption	Total 17.3W (Typ.), (4.5W@V _{LCD} , 12.8W@I _{BL} =7.5mA)		
Weight	2450g(typ.)		
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally White		
Surface treatments Hard coating (3H) & Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer			

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2. Absolute maximum ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

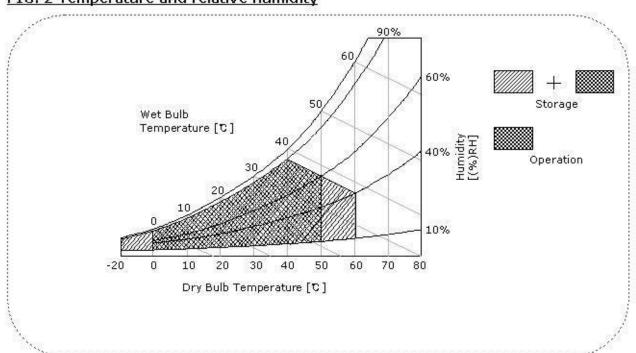
Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Danamatan	Cumple of	Va	lues	Unito	Natas	
Parameter	Symbol	Min Max		Units	Notes	
Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	-0.3	+6.0	Vdc	At 25℃	
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C		
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C		
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH] 1	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH		

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.









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3. Electrical specifications

3-1. Electrical characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL/Backlight, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCDs.

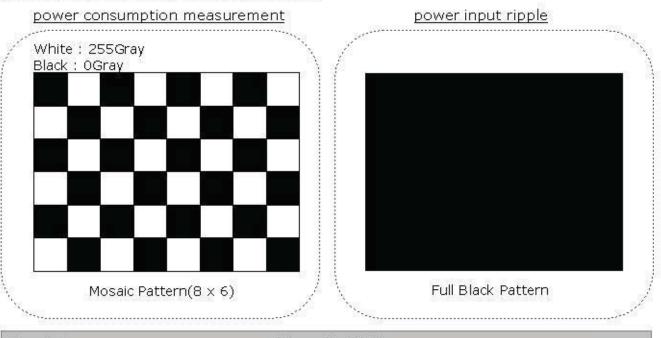
Table 2. Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notoo
Fai ai lietei	Symbol	Min Typ		Max	Offic	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	4,5	5,0	5.5	Vdc	
Permissive Power Input Ripple	V _{LCD}	<u>«</u>	=	0.4	V	3
Danier Completent Comme	I _{LCD-MOSAIC}	92	900	1100	mΑ	1
Power Supply Input Current	I _{LCD-BLACK}	- 22	1050	1250	mΑ	2
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	=	4.5	5.5	Watt	1
Inrush current	I _{RUSH}	=	-	3.0	А	4

Note:

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the VLcp=5.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_v=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 \times 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. Permissive power ripple should be measured under VCC=5.0V, 25° C, f_{V} (frame frequency)=Max condition and At that time, we recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is to be under 20MHz.
- 4. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 500us ± 20%.

FIG.3 pattern for Electrical characteristics



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Table 3. Electrical characteristics

Parameter		Symbol		Values	Linit	Notoo	
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
AMP:		***		- 4000			
Operatin	g Voltage	V _{BL}	830(8.0mA)	850 (7.5mA)	1000 (3.0mA)	V _{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current		I _{BL}	3.0	7.5	8.0	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting Voltage		Vs					1, 3
	at 25 °C				1500	V _{RMS}	
	at 0°C	al:			1800	V _{RMS}	
Operatin	g Frequency	f _{BL}	40	60	70	kHz	4
Discharge Stabilization Time		Ts			3	Min	1, 5
Power Consumption		PBL		12.8	14.1	Watt	6
Life Time			50000			Hrs	1, 7

Note:

The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD-Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- X Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
 - 1. Specified values are for a single lamp. It is only reference voltage in LCM or System.
 - Operating voltage is measured at 25 ± 2°C and follows as below condition,
 - ± 10%@typical operating voltage is based on single lamp.
 - ± 20%@typical operating voltage is based on system & test equipment tolerance.
 - 3. The voltage above V_{ς} should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. (Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp starting voltage.) Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
 - 4. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
 - 5. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. T_s is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
 - The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current. ($P_{BL} = V_{BL} \times I_{BL} \times N_{Lamp}$)
 - 7. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 ± 2°C.

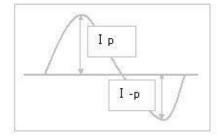




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Note:

- 8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within 1/2 ±10%.
- * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



- 9. The inverter which is combined with this LCM, is highly recommended to connect coupling(ballast) condenser at the high voltage output side. When you use the inverter which has not coupling(ballast) condenser, it may cause abnormal lamp lighting because of biased mercury as time goes.
- 10.In case of edgy type back light with over 4 parallel lamps, input current and voltage wave form should be synchronized





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3-2. Interface connections

LCD connector(CN1): GT103-30S-H23 (LSC), IS100-L30B-C23 (UJU)

Mating connector : FI-X30H and FI-X30HL (JAE) or Equivalent

Table 4. Module connector(CN1) pin configuration

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	RXO0-	Minus signal of 1st channel 0 (LVDS)
2	RXO0+	Plus signal of 1st channel 0 (LVDS)
3	RXO1-	Minus signal of 1st channel 1 (LVDS)
4	RXO1+	Plus signal of 1st channel 1 (LVDS)
5	RXO2-	Minus signal of 1st channel 2 (LVDS)
6	RXO2+	Plus signal of 1st channel 2 (LVDS) First Pixel data
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Minus signal of 1st clock channel (LVDS)
9	RXOC+	Plus signal of 1st clock channel (LVDS)
10	RXO3-	Minus signal of 1st channel 3 (LVDS)
11	RXO3+	Plus signal of 1st channel 3 (LVDS)
12	RXEO-	Minus signal of 2nd channel 0 (LVDS)
13	RXEO+	Plus signal of 2nd channel 0 (LVDS)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Minus signal of 2nd channel 1 (LVDS)
16	RXE1+	Plus signal of 2nd channel 1 (LVDS)
17	GND	Ground Second Pixel data
18	RXE2-	Minus signal of 2nd channel 2 (LVDS)
19	RXE2+	Plus signal of 2nd channel 2 (LVDS)
20	RXEC-	Minus signal of 2nd clock channel (LVDS)
21	RXEC+	Plus signal of 2nd clock channel (LVDS)
22	RXE3-	Minus signal of 2nd channel 3 (LVDS)
23	RXE3+	Plus signal of 2nd channel 3 (LVDS)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	No Connection (For LCD internal use only.)
26	NC	No Connection (For LCD internal use only.)
27	NC	No Connection (For LCD internal use only.)
28	VLCD	Power Supply (5.0V)
29	VLCD	Power Supply (5.0V)
30	VLCD	Power Supply (5.0V)



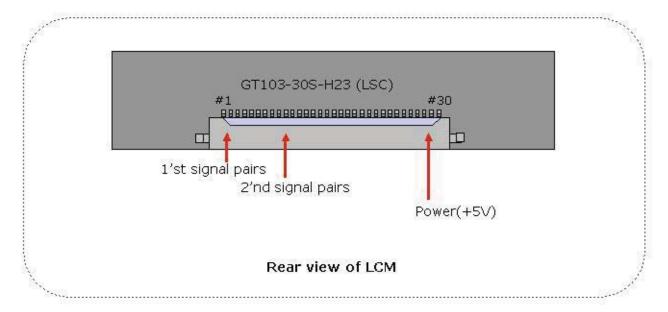


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FIG. 4 Connector diagram



Note:

- 1. NC: No Connection.
- 2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
- 3. All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 4. Input Level of LVDS signal is based on the IEA 664 Standard.





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The backlight interface connector is a model 35001HS-02LD manufactured by YEONHO.

The mating connector part number are 35001WR-02L(2pin) or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

<u>Table 5. Backlight connector pin configuration(CN2,CN3)</u>

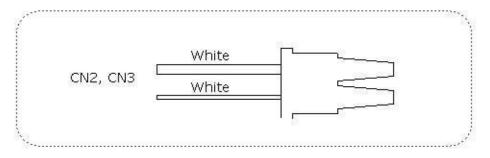
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	High Voltage for Lamp	1
2	LV	Low Voltage for Lamp	2

Note: 1. The high voltage power terminal is colored White

2. The low voltage pin color is White

3. The backlight ground should be common with LCD metal frame.

FIG. 5 Backlight connector view



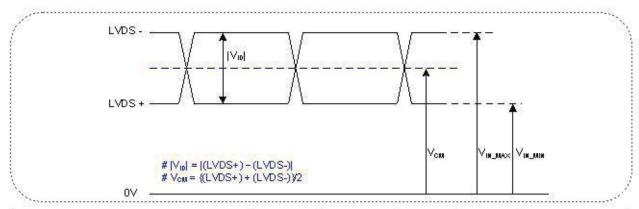




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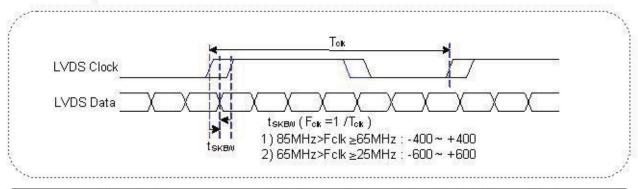
3-3. LVDS characteristics

3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	600	m∨	<u>44</u>)
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	0.6	1.8	V	201
LVDS Input Voltage Range	VIN	0.3	2.1	V	W)

3-3-2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{skew}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVD3 Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{skew}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{skew_eo}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}) <u></u>

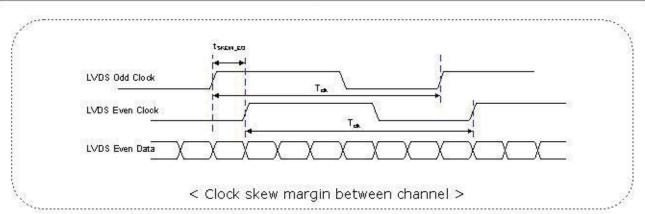




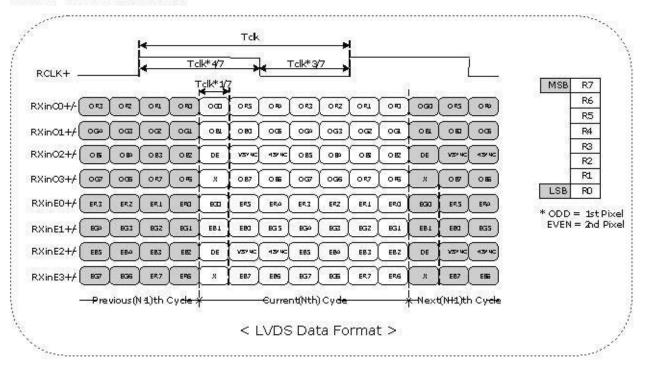
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3-3-3, LVDS Data format



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 $\underline{\textbf{Table 6. Required signal assignment for Flat Link (NS:DS90CF383) transmitter}$

Pin #	Pin Name	Require Signal	Pin #	Pin Name	Require Signal
1	vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	29	GND	Ground pin for TTL
2	D5	TTL Input (R7)	30	D26	TTL Input (DE)
3	D6	TTL Input (R5)	31	T ₈ CLKIN	TTL Level clock Input
4	D7	TTL Input (G0)	32	PWR DWN	Power Down Input
5	GND	Ground pin for TTL	33	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
6	D8	TTL Input (G1)	34	PLL VCC	Power Supply for PLL
7	D9	TTL Input (G2)	35	PLL GND	Ground pin for PLL
8	D10	TTL Input (G6)	36	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
9	vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	37	TxOUT3+	Positive LVDS differential data output 3
10	D11	TTL Input (G7)	38	TxOUT3-	Negative LVDS differential data output 3
11	D12	TTL Input (G3)	39	T ₈ CLKOUT+	Positive LVDS differential clock output
12	D13	TTL Input (G4)	40	T ₈ CLKOUT-	Negative LVDS differential clock output
13	GND	Ground pin for TTL	41	T _x OUT2+	Positive LVDS differential data output 2
14	D14	TTL Input (G5)	42	T _x OUT2-	Negative LVDS differential data output 2
15	D15	TTL Input (B0)	43	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
16	D16	TTL Input (B6)	44	LVDS VCC	Power Supply for LVDS
17	vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	45	Tx OUT1+	Positive LVDS differential data output 1
18	D17	TTL Input (B7)	46	Tx OUT1-	Negative LVDS differential data output 1
19	D18	TTL Input (B1)	47	T _x OUT0+	Positive LVDS differential data output 0
20	D19	TTL Input (B2)	48	T _x OUT0 –	Negative LVDS differential data output 0
21	GND	Ground pin for TTL Input	49	LVDS GND	Ground pin for LVDS
22	D20	TTL Input (B3)	50	D27	TTL Input (R6)
23	D21	TTL Input (B4)	51	D0	TTL Input (R0)
24	D22	TTL Input (B5)	52	D1	TTL Input (R1)
25	D23	TTL Input (RSVD)	53	GND	Ground pin for TTL
26	vcc	Power Supply for TTL Input	54	D2	TTL Input (R2)
27	D24	TTL Input (HSYNC)	55	D3	TTL Input (R3)
28	D25	TTL Input (VSYNC)	56	D4	TTL Input (R4)

Notes: 1. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions.

2. 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data

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3-4. Signal timing specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 7. Timing table

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	11.43	13.89	16.7	ns	
DCLK	Frequency	50	60	72	87.5	MHz	5
	Period	tHP	1000	1088	1120	tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	tH∨	960	960	960	tCLK	
	Horizontal Blank	tHB	40	128	160		
Hsync	Frequency	fH	64	66	83	KHz	
	Width	tWH	8	32	48	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	16	48	64		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	48	48		
	Period	t∨P	1090	1100	1160	tHP	
	Vertical∀alid	t₩	1080	1080	1080	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	t∀B	10	20	80	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fV	50	60	75	Hz	
	Width	t₩V	2	4	16	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	t∀BP	5	8	32		
	Vertical Front Porch	t∀FP	3	8	32		

Note: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tclk. If the value is odd number times of tclk, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsyn, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

- The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
- 3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of of character number(4).
- 4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.
- 5, The Max frequency of 1920X1080 resolution is 82.5Mhz

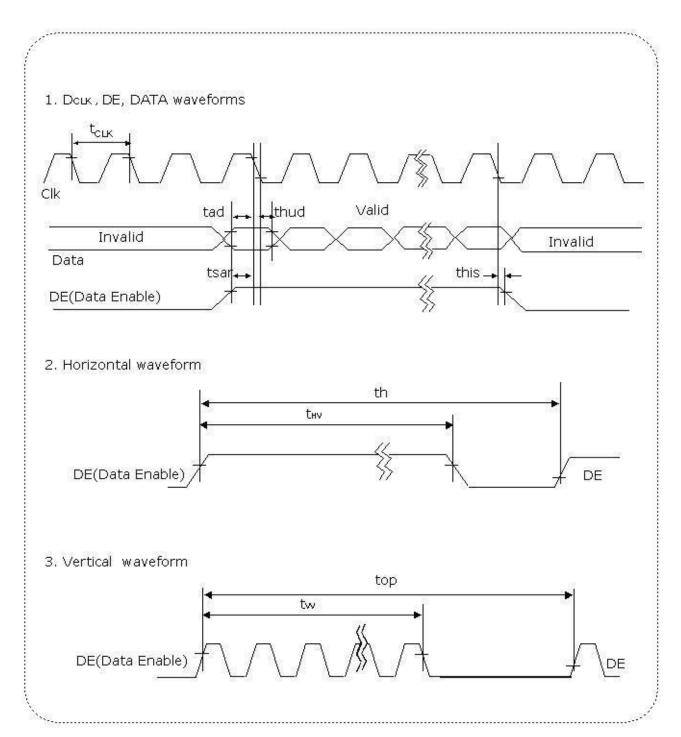
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3-5. Signal timing waveforms







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3-6. Color input data reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 8bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. Color data reference

4	able b. Color dat	E.				30					T.Z.		Ω-	1 and	Б.	24.2									
		100			-	- 1					Inp	-	Co		Dá	ata					51				
	Color	NA	SB		Re	ea		LS		N/I	SB		Gre	en		LS	0	N/I	SB		Bli	ue		LS	
		120000	86	DE	ри	D O	D 2	_			-	05	G4	02	02			17) B7		В5	D A	02	В2		
	Int. 1-	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	100000000	00000000	00000000	Minnor	20000000	00000000		200000000	000000	0000000	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	-	SECURIO	2000000	0000000	2000000	District Co.	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	2000000	10000000	-		50000000
Basic	Black Red (255) Green (255) Blue (255)	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	00101	0 0 1 0	0 1 0	0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1
Color	Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1
	Red(000) Dark Red(001) Red(002)	000	0 0 0	000	000-	000	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 1 0 -	000	0 0 0	000	000-	000-	000-	0 0	000-	000-	0 0 0	000	000-	000-	0 0 0	000	0 0 0
Red	Red(253) Red(254) Red(255) Bright	- 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	- 1 1	- 1 1	- 1 1	- 0 1	1 0 1	-000	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	-000	000	- 0 0 0	0 0 0	-000	-000	- 0 0	000	-000	-000	- 0 0	-000	- 0 0
Green	Green(000) Dark Green(001) Green(002)	000-	000	000-	.000	0 0 0	0 0 0 -	0 0 0 -	000-	000-	000	000-	.000	000-	000	0 0 1 -	0 1 0 -	000-	0 0 0 -	000	000	000-	0 0 0	000-	0 0 0 -
Oreen	Green(253) Green(254) Green(255)Bright	- 0 0 0	- 0 0	- 0 0	000	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	- 0 1 1	- 1 0 1	- 0 0 0	- 0 0	- 0 0 0	0 0 0	- 0 0 0	- 0 0	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0
	Blue(000) Dark Blue(001) Blue(002)	0001	000-	0001	0001	0001	000	000	.000	000-	000-	000.	1000	0001	0001	0 0 0	1000	0001	000-	000-	0001	0001	000-	0 0 1	0 1 0 -
Blue	Blue(253) Blue(254) Blue(255) Bright	1000	-000	1000	1000	000	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	-000	- 0 0 0	- 0 0 0	000	1000	000	0 0 0	- 0 0 0	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	- O 1 1	1 0 1

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3-7. Power sequence

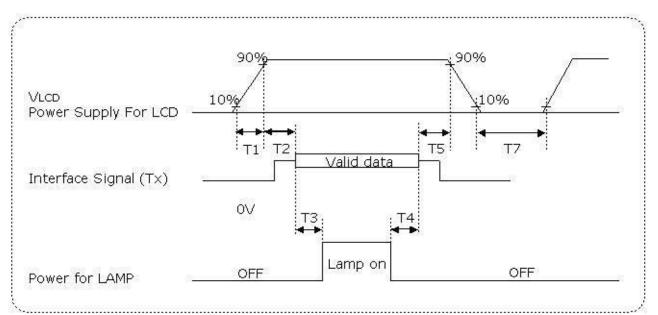


Table 9. Power sequence

Parameter		Units			
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Offics	
T1	0.5	100	10	ms	
T2	0.01		50	ms	
тз	500	 	U-5.	ms	
T4	200			ms	
T5	0.01		50	ms	
Т7	1	177	0.7	S	

Notes:

- 1. Please V_{LCD} power on only after connecting interface cable to LCD.
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD $\rm V_{LCD}$ to $\rm 0V$.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.

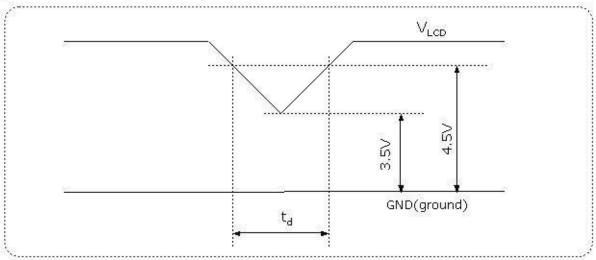




Product Specification

3-8. V_{LCD} Power dip condition

FIG. 6 Power dip condition



1) Dip condition

$$3.5V \le V_{LCD} \le 4.5V$$
, $t_d \le 20$ ms

2) V_{LCD} < 3.5V

V_{LCD}-dip conditions should also follow the Power On/Off conditions for supply voltage.





Product Specification

4. Optical specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 7 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 7 Optical characteristic measurement equipment and method

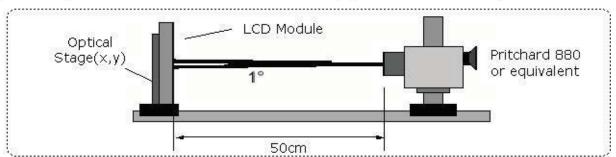


Table 10. Optical characteristics

Ta= 25°C, V_{LCD} =5.0V, fv=60Hz f_{CLK} =72MHz, I_{BL} =7.5mA

0.000	va.	1000 NE NE		Values		55 W1000	300,000
Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	700	1000	-		1
Surface Lumin	ance, white	L _{WH}	200	250	18	cd/m²	2
Luminance Vari	ation	δ _{WHITE} 9P	75			96	3
Daaraa Tima	Rise Time	Tr _R	22	1.3	2.6	ms	4
Response Time	Decay Time	Tr _D		3.7	7.4	ms	4
	RED	Rx		0.644			
	KED	Ry		0.336			
	GREEN	Gx		0.301			
Color Coordinat	es GREEN	Gy	Тур	0.611	Тур		
[CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.146	+0.03		
	BLOE	Ву		0.070			
	MUTTE	Wx		0.313			
	WHITE	Wy		0.329			
Viewing Angle	(CR>5)						
x axis, right(φ=0°)		θr	75	88		Degree	5
x axis	, left (φ=180°)	θl	75	88			
y axis	, up (φ=90°)	θи	70	85			
y axi	s, down (φ=270°)	θd	70	85			
Viewing Angle	(CR>10)		j .				
x axis	, right(φ=0°)	θr	70	85		Degree	5
x axis	, left (φ=180°)	θl	70	85			
y axis	, up (φ=90°)	θи	60	75			
y axis	, down (φ=270°)	θd	70	85			
Crosstalk					1.5	%	7

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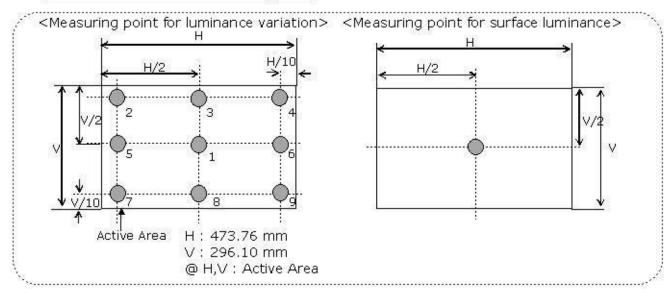
Notes:

1. Contrast ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :It is measured at center point(1)

- Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1 point(1) across
 the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.
 For more information see FIG 8.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ $_{\text{WHITE}}$ is defined as

For more information see Figure 8.

FIG. 8 Luminance measuring point







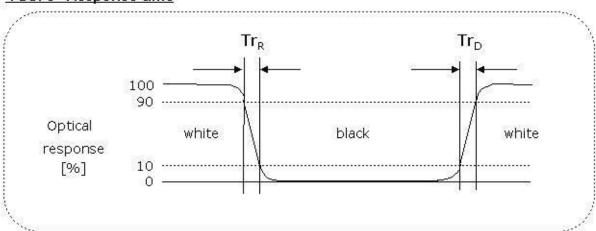
Product Specification

Notes:

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Decay Time, ${\rm Tr_D}$) and from white to black (Rise Time, ${\rm Tr_R}$) The sampling rate is 2,500 sample/sec. For additional information see FIG. 9.

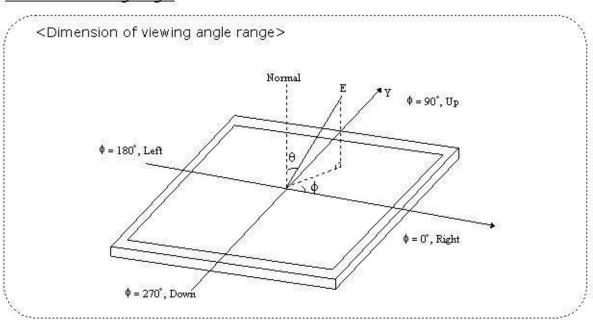
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for each gray to gray.

FIG. 9 Response time



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10 or 5. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG. 10.

FIG. 10 Viewing angle



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Notes:

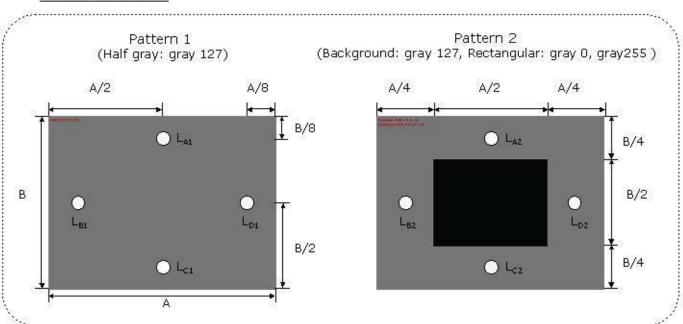
6. Gray scale specification

Table 11. Gray scale

Gray level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.1
L31	1.23
L63	4.98
L95	12.30
L127	23.58
L159	40.03
L191	61.30
L223	84.03
L255	100

7. The equation of crosstalk : ($|L_{A[or\ C]2}-L_{A[or\ C]1}|/L_{A[or\ C]1}$)×100(%) [Vertical], $(|L_{B[or\ D]2}-L_{B[or\ D]1}|/L_{B[or\ D]1})$ ×100(%) [Horizontal]

FIG. 11 Crosstalk



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5. Mechanical characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Table 12. Mechanical characteristics

	Horizontal	533.2mm
Outline dimension	Vertical	312.0mm
	Depth	14.5 mm
De-clare.	Horizontal	513.784mm
Bezel area	Vertical	291.016mm
A atius diambay area	Horizontal	509.184mm
Active display area	Vertical	286.416mm
Weight	2,450g (Typ.) 2,600 (Max.))
Surface treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the	e front polarizer

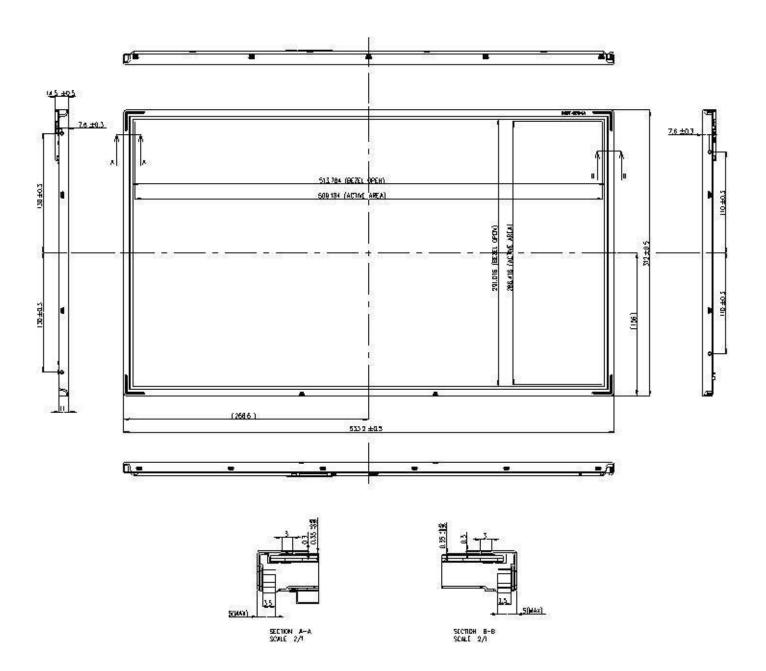
Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.





Product Specification

< FRONT VIEW >



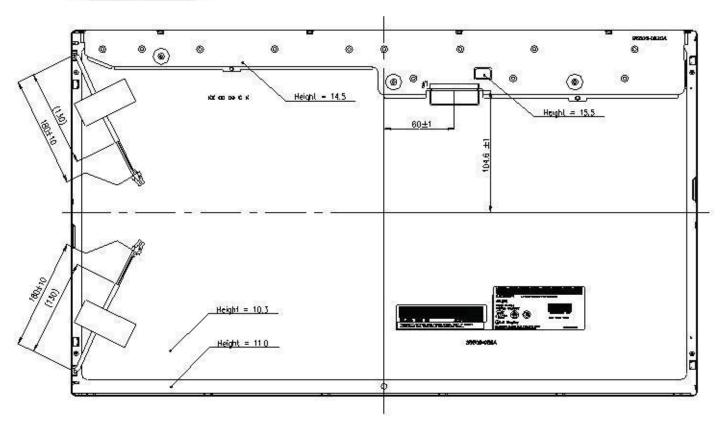
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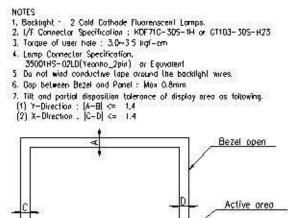




Product Specification

< REAR VIEW >





8. Unapecified followings to be $\pm 0.5 \text{mm}$





Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. Environment test conditions

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240hrs
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0GRMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 100G Waveform: half sine wave, 2msec Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3,048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

[{] Result evaluation criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.





Product Specification

7. International standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- d) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI),1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)





Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of lot mark

a) Lot mark



A,B,C : Size (Inch)

E: Month

D : Year

F ∼ M : Serial No.

Note:

1. Year

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of lot mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing form

a) Package quantity in one box : 7pcs

b) Box size: 424mm X 328mm X 603mm





Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the Module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature, (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after tumed on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metal foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.





Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic discharge control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for strong light exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling precautions for protection film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.